1. What is meant by the term juvenile?
2. What is a juvenile delinquent?
3. What is a juvenile status offender? (Worley will do)
4. Describe what is meant when a juvenile is incorrigible. (Worley will do)
5. Have young people always been treated as juveniles when they break the law? Explain
6. List 7 traits that may lead to juvenile delinquency.
7. Do you agree that these 7 traits are prevalent with juvenile delinquents?
8. What is the main goal of the juvenile system?
9. List the three times when juveniles cases begin.
10. What type of juvenile case is neglect? What can the courts do?
11. What is adjudication? (Worley will do)
12. What is meant by juvenile diversion?
13. Why do we have juvenile diversion?
14. List three diversion programs that the courts may use rather than detention.
15. What constitutional rights do juveniles not have when it relates to the rights of the accused?
16. What are the different sentences that can be handed down to juveniles if they are convicted of being delinquent?
17. Read Page 464 and answer the four questions at the bottom. Make sure to answer the questions thoroughly.
18. What is meant by the term juvenile?
19. What is a juvenile delinquent?
20. What is a juvenile status offender? (Worley will do. Leave 3 three lines.)
21. Describe what is meant when a juvenile is incorrigible. (Worley will do. Leave 3 three lines.)
22. Have young people always been treated as juveniles when they break the law? Explain
23. List 7 traits that may lead to juvenile delinquency.
24. Do you agree that these 7 traits are prevalent with juvenile delinquents?
25. What is the main goal of the juvenile system?
26. List the three times when juveniles cases begin.
27. What type of juvenile case is neglect? What can the courts do?
28. What is adjudication? (Worley will do. Leave 3 three lines.)
29. What is meant by juvenile diversion?
30. Why do we have juvenile diversion?
31. List three diversion programs that the courts may use rather than detention.
32. What constitutional rights do juveniles not have when it relates to the rights of the accused?
33. What are the different sentences that can be handed down to juveniles if they are convicted of being delinquent?
34. Read Page 464 and answer the four questions at the bottom. Make sure to answer the questions thoroughly.